

ARIJ Daily Report

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Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt 01 June 2014

The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats occupied Palestinian territory, in the the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and \or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

 Israeli Authorities Reject Permission for 3 Palestinian Ministries' Participation in Oath Ceremony. According to Israeli sources, Israeli officials have rejected the Palestinian Authority's request for permission that three Palestinian ministers from Gaza be allowed to participate in tomorrow's the 2nd of June 2014, constitutional oath ceremony in Ramallah. The General Major and the Coordinator of Government Activities in the territories, Yoav Mordechai, officially rejected the Palestinian Authority's request, applied for three Gaza ministers to participate in the constitutional oath ceremony which will hallmark the unveiling of the new Palestinian unity government in Ramallah. (IMEMC 1 June 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Jeeps and bulldozers staged 200 meters into Palestinian agricultural land, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, razed the land and opened fire at houses. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation jeeps and bulldozes staged 200 meters into Palestinian land, east of Rafah city, south of Gaza strip, razed agricultural land and opened fire at houses. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in 'Anin village, northwest of Jenin city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Saleh Yassen. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Six Palestinians, including two children, were injured after Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-Wad Street, in the Old City of Jerusalem, and attacked Palestinians celebrating the release of two Palestinian prisoners. The IOA attacked Palestinians celebrating the release of Ammar al-Hasry and Ahmad Abu Farha, as they peacefully marched from the al-Aqsa Mosque towards the al-Wad Street. The IOA used pepper spray against the Palestinians before attacking them with teargas grenades. The IOA, also kidnapped a former Palestinian prisoner, identified as Mahmoud Abdullatif. (IMEMC & Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in 'Anza village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired metal bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Hamza Abdalla Sharbati (14 years). (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city and fire teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation. (Wafa 1 June 2014)

Israeli Arrests

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mohammad Fouad 'Adaween (22 years) after storming and searching his family house in Azza refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. During the operation, the IOA storming and searching a Palestinian house owned by Ahmed Taha Zboun. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested eight Palestinians after raiding and searching their houses in 'Asira Al-Qibliya village, south of

Nablus city. The arrestees were identified as: Mu'tasem Ahmed Saleh, Nimir Fathi 'Asirah, Nasser Fathi 'Asirah, Jehad Mohammad 'Asirah, Sari Bassam 'Asirah, Mohammad Abd Al-Rahman Ahmed, Mohammad Fawaz Saleh and Mohammad 'Asirah. (Wafa 1 June 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Ahmed Muhssen Jarad (21 years) from Askar refugee camp, east of Nablus city, after stopping him at the entrance of the camp. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Fadi Mohammad Isma'il Haliqah (23 years) from Ash-Shuyukh village north of Hebron city, while he was attending a non-violent protest to support Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli jails in Tulkarm city. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mohammad Riziq 'Abriyosh (23 years) after storming his family house in Wadi Soud neighborhood in Dura town, west of Hebron city. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) summoned Wissam Hussen Yousif Shaheen to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police, after raiding his house in Imreish village, southwest of Hebron city. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Ahmed Issmat Salah (13 years) from Al-Khader village, west of Bethlehem city, while he was leaving his school in the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 1 June 2014)

Israeli Settler Violence

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and performed Talmudic rituals. (Wafa 1 June 2014)
- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Hatim Taisir Al-Qasrawi (7 years) and Faris Akram Abu Isninah (10 years) in the old city of Hebron. (Wafa 1 June 2014)

Israeli Military Orders

• Israeli Occupation Authorities ordered to remove fence surrounded 150 dunums of Palestinian land in Um Al-Khair village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted land is owned by Eid Ameen Al-Hathaleen. (Wafa 1 June 2014)

Erection of Israeli checkpoints

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of 'Ajja village and the evacuation site of "Homesh" in Jenin governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 1 June 2014)

Other

Jerusalem's historic neighborhoods get master plan. German and Greek Colonies, Talbiyeh and Katamonim will be subject to comprehensive redevelopment. Many of Jerusalem's historic neighborhoods, including the capital's German Colony, are destined for a comprehensive upgrading aimed at preserving their unique character while making way for new housing that will bring in younger people. A new master plan for the capital approved last week by the Jerusalem Regional Planning and Building Committee encompasses neighborhoods built from the late 1800s through the 1930s, such as Talbieh, Katamonim and the Greek Colony. The area is home to some 17,000 residents and covers 1,400 dunams (350 acres), bounded on the north by Jabotinsky Street, on the west by Palmah Street and Agnon Street, on the south by Yohanan Ben-Zakai Street and the new Railroad Track Park, and on the east by King David Street and Bethlehem Road. The idea is to preserve the "spirit of the neighborhoods," whose history is a major part of the development of the modern city since it expanded outside the walls of the Old City in the middle of the 19th century during the rule of the Ottoman Turks, through the British Mandate in the 1930s. "The plan that the municipality has worked on is proof that conservation is not the opposite of development, and that design values of the past can strengthen the public sphere and make it a center of interest on a national and international scale," said Kobi Kahlon, deputy mayor and chairman of the Regional Planning and Building Committee. Over the past three decades the neighborhoods have had a large number of specific plans approved, but in the absence of a master plan they threatened the area's overall character. As a result the city decided there was a clear need to provide a solution for the neighborhoods and urban setting as a whole as part of the city's planning policy, while emphasizing the unique characteristics of each area. The plan leaves open the possibility of building 1,500 housing units in the area, with the goal of drawing a younger population, as well as to upgrade the public spaces, parks, public buildings and streets, among them the Germany Colony's Emek Refaim Street, a major hub of Jerusalem's nightlife. The idea behind the plan is to create a mechanism for supervising detailed planning. It provides policy directives for each

neighborhood that will serve as the basis for the detailed plans on issues such as sustainable development, transportation and parking, open space, urban nature sites and bicycle paths. It will also provide design guidelines for various sites in the area, emphasizing both development and preservation, with a specific focus on Emek Refaim, public structures, commercial areas, entertainment and culture. The plan was also prepared in coordination with residents and local neighborhood committees, which together defined the characteristics of the areas to be preserved – as well as the problems that need fixing. (Haaretz 1 June 2014)

After evicting Palestinians, Israel seeks to legalize outpost in firing zone. State claimed in 2012 that zone is necessary for military purposes, but ignores seven buildings in West Bank outpost which trespass on same area. Israel is seeking to authorize a settlement outpost illegally erected in an army firing zone, while simultaneously waging a legal battle for the eviction of Palestinian villages in the very same area. Avigayl, an illegal outpost in the southern Hebron Hills founded in 2001 on more than 1,000 dunams (250 acres) of land, is located between the Maon and Susya settlements. In 2013, Palestinians who own part of the land on which the outpost was erected appealed to the Supreme Court, asking it to require the state to implement demolition orders standing against the outpost. The state announced in February its intentions to legalize the outpost, and on Thursday it issued a statement revealing that seven of the outpost's buildings lie inside the Firing Zone 918, a 30,000-dunam IDF firing zone established in the 1980s which stretches from the southern Hebron Hills to Arad. In 1999, the state evicted hundreds of Palestinian residents from the very same firing zone, demolished their homes and stoppers their wells. The residents filed an appeal with the Supreme Court to prevent further evictions, but the state notified the court in 2012 that the firing zone is necessary and that it will not allow permanent residence in the area. In a discussion held last summer, the judges asked the state to engage in mediation process with the Palestinian plaintiffs in order to find a compromise. It now appears that although the state is ordering the eviction of Palestinian villages in the firing zone, it turns a blind eye to settler trespassers in the same area. The statement on Thursday also revealed that six of the buildings in Avigayl outpost were erected on private Palestinian property, as was the access road to the outpost, further complicating legalization plans. The statement did indicate that a mobile home used as a barracks and set up on private property will be moved. The IDF has so far given no response. (Haaretz 1 June 2014)

Prisoner Release bill deferred to cabinet discussions. Attorney general notes 'legal difficulties' in bill; Netanyahu defers to cabinet causing anger from Bayit Yehudi. A law that would prevent negotiators from releasing Palestinian prisoners during peace talks was delayed Sunday by Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and deferred to the cabinet for approval just before a Knesset vote was expected to pass the law, drafted and sponsered by Economic Minister Naftali Bennett's Bayit Yehudi party. The law, which was approved for a final Knesset vote three weeks ago, only referred to those prisoners who are serving life sentences in Israeli jails. Netanyahu's decision of deferral to the cabinet will delay the Knesset vote into next week. Netanyahu reportedly made his decision for further discussions in the cabinet after Attorney General Yehuda Weinstein said that the bill contained "legal difficulties" in the language of the text that would need to be cleared up and ironed out. Bennett and his party fumed over the delay saying, "Netanyahu, the prime minister that's released the greatest number of murderers prevented a vote on a law that makes sense." "Netanyhau, a world champion in releasing murderers, broke a new record: he ran from voting on a law that he supports himself," said sources in Bayit Yehudi. Netanyahu replied to the attacks saying that there should be more thorough discussion of the law with the help of the cabinet. The bill was expected pass despite opposition from some political parties like Yesh Atid. (Ynetnews 1 June 2014)